VALENTINE FOUNDATION

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

VALENTINE FOUNDATION YEARS ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT

To the Board of Directors Valentine Foundation

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of Valentine Foundation (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of November 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

Accountant's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to conduct the review engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion.

We are required to be independent of Valentine Foundation and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our reviews.

Accountant's Conclusion

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Actomer Herenholy, PC.
Certified Public Accountants

Huntingdon Valley, Pennsylvania May 17, 2023

VALENTINE FOUNDATION STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION YEARS ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

ASSETS

	2022	2021
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest and dividends Receivable	\$ 573,401 6,757	\$ 882,165 9,050 29,489
	<u>580,158</u>	920,704
Investments Government securities Common stock Mutual funds and exchange traded funds Loan receivable	71,830 2,259,598 1,131,668 330,000	78,995 2,666,901 612,324 350,000
	3,793,096	3,708,220
Property and equipment Equipment and software Less accumulated depreciation	46,650 41,081	36,368 <u>36,368</u>
	<u>5,569</u> <u>\$4,378,823</u>	<u>\$4,628,924</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET A	\SSETS	
Current liabilities Accrued expenses and payroll taxes	\$ 11,355	\$ 7,500
Net assets without donor restrictions	4,367,468	4,621,424
	\$4,378,823	\$4,628,924

VALENTINE FOUNDATION STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES YEARS ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
Net assets without donor restrictions		
Public support and revenues	4.00.400	
Contributions Interest and dividends	\$ 128,436	\$ 114,519
Net realized gain on investments	110,914 570,982	77,083
Unrealized gain (loss) in fair value of investments	(721,654)	15,788 429,137
Voided checks	(721,0,04)	40,222
	<u>88,678</u>	676,749
Expenses		
Program expenses Grants to qualified not for profit organizations	222.047	206 757
Grants to qualified not-for-profit organizations	222,917	206,757
Administrative expenses		
Salaries	54,366	57,109
Payroll processing	730	1,035
Payroll taxes	4,342	4,427
	59,438	62,571
Depreciation	4,713	3,489
Dues and subscriptions	3,015	3,030
Excise tax Insurance	1,034 1,752	944
Meetings and conferences	1,752	1,705 775
Office expense	3,528	3,825
Parking	72	
Postage and delivery	72	154
Printing and reproduction	581	653
Professional fees		
Accounting	8,500	7,500
Consulting fees	12,394	246
Design logo, image and videography	1,150	7,700
Financial consulting	18,410	18,000
Rent Telephone	1,375	1,375 47
Website costs	<u>1,690</u>	3,330
The second decided and the second sec		
	119,717	115,344
	0.40.00.4	200 404
	342,634	322,101
Increase (decrease) in net assets without donor restrictions	(253,956)	354,648
Net assets without donor restrictions, beginning of year	4,621,424	4,266,776
Net assets without donor restrictions, end of year	<u>\$4,367,468</u>	\$4,621,424

See accompanying notes and independent accountant's review report.

VALENTINE FOUNDATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities Increase (decrease) in net assets without donor restrictions Adjustments to reconcile changes in net assets without donor restrictions to net cash used in operating activities Depreciation Net realized gain on sale of investments (Increase) decrease in fair value of investments (Increase) decrease in operating assets	(\$ 253,956)	
	4,713 (570,982) 721,654	3,489 (15,788) (429,137)
Accrued interest and dividends Prepaid excise taxes	2,293	(1,819) 461
Receivable Increase in operating liabilities	29,489	(29,489)
Accrued expenses, payroll taxes and excise taxes payable	3,855	1,500
Total adjustments	191,022	(<u>470,783</u>)
Net cash used in operating activities	(<u>62,934</u>)	(<u>116,135</u>)
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of investments Proceeds from sale of investments Purchase of property and equipment Loan receivables made Repayment of loan receivable	(965,645) 689,533 10,282 (5,000) 	15,882´
Net cash used in investing activities	(245,830)	(<u>138,825</u>)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(308,764)	(254,960)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>882,165</u>	1,137,125
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 573,401</u>	\$ 882,165

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization and Nature of Activities

The Valentine Foundation ("Foundation") is a Philadelphia area private foundation that provides grants to foundations or programs which empower women and girls. The Foundation also works to change established attitudes that discourage women and girls from recognizing their potential. Grants are made to foundations primarily in the greater Philadelphia area or that have a national focus. The Foundation was established in 1985 by Phoebe V. Valentine. Phoebe named five women as the initial trustees and intentionally left the development of the mission and the approach of the Foundation to them. Phoebe died in 1995. She established a trust to endow the foundation and a separate Charitable Lead Trust. In 2005, the Foundation decided to establish a permanent endowment fund to provide grants for leadership training for women executives working in nonprofit organizations.

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The financial statements of the Valentine Foundation have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, which require the Valentine Foundation to report information regarding its statements of financial position according to the following net asset classifications:

Net assets without donor restrictions: Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of the organization. These net assets may be used at the discretion of the Valentine Foundation's management and the board of directors.

Net assets with donor restrictions: Net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors, and grantors. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature; those restrictions will be met by actions of the Valentine Foundation or by the passage of time. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, where by the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity.

Donor restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets are reclassified from assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions in the statements of activities.

As of November 30, 2022 and 2021 there were no donor restricted net assets.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all monies in banks, cash on hand, and highly liquid investments with original maturities of less than three months. The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents approximates the fair value because of the short maturities of those financial instruments.

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Contributions

All contributions received in this or any prior fiscal year have no restrictions attached to the contributions.

Investment Valuation and Income Recognition

The Foundation reports marketable securities and debt securities at fair value in the statement of financial position. Fair value is determined based on quoted market prices. Realized and unrealized gains or losses on investments represent the difference between the original cost, or fair value of the investments at the beginning of the current year, and the sales proceeds (realized) or the fair market value at the end of the year (unrealized). For tax purposes, the gain on the sale of investments is the difference between the original cost and the sale price. However, the basis for tax purposes of the investments then held in the trust was increased at the death of the founder. This difference in the basis of contributions for financial statements and tax purposes results in smaller net realized gains on investments for tax purposes, which decreases taxable investment correspondingly.

Property and Equipment

Equipment is stated at cost at date of acquisition. The Foundation's policy is to capitalize additions to equipment with a unit cost of \$1,500 or more and a useful life of two or more years. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets as follows:

Equipment

2 - 10 years

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The Foundation and Trust utilize various investment instruments. Investment securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

Concentration of Risk

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Foundation to credit risk consist primarily of cash, cash equivalents and investments. The Foundation maintains cash and cash equivalents primarily with major financial institutions. Such amounts may not be insured by FDIC or SIPC. The Foundation monitors its investments and has not experienced any credit losses.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of program and supporting services activities have been presented on a functional basis in the statements of activities.

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Grants

Grants to qualified not-for-profit organizations are reported as an expense when awarded. Multi-year grants may be awarded for as long as three years.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year amounts to conform to the current year presentation.

Fair Value Measurement

The Fund adopted the FASB Accounting Standards Codification 820 Fair Value Measurements, (ASC 820). ASC 820 establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure of fair value. The adoption of ASC 820 did not have a material impact on the financial statements or results of operations of the Foundation. ASC 820 applies to all assets and liabilities that are measured on a fair value basis. See Note 3 for additional information.

Note 2 Fixed Assets

As of November 30, 2022 and 2021 fixed assets consisted of:

	2022	2021
Equipment and software	\$ 46,650	\$ 36,368
Less accumulated depreciation	41,081	<u>36,368</u>
	<u>\$ 5,569</u>	<u>\$ </u>

Note 3 Investments and Fair Value Hierarchy

Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" (FASB ASC 820) establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 measurements and the lowest priority to Level 3 measurements. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under FASB ASC 820 are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Foundation has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include:

Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;

Note 3 Investments and Fair Value Hierarchy (Continued)

Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market date by correlation or other means; and

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

 Level 3 - inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Described below is the FASB ASC 820 level for each category of investments.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used should maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value:

Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds, Common Stock, U.S. Government and Agency Obligations: Valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded. This is consistent with prior years.

Corporate Obligations: Valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the bond is traded. The level in which the bond is classified depends on whether the market is active (Level 1) or inactive (Level 2). This is consistent with prior years.

Government Securities: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing values on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings.

Loan Receivable: Valued at the net amortized value of the loan.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of the net realizable value or reflective of the future fair values. Furthermore, while the Foundation believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date. There have been no changes in methodologies used at November 30, 2022 and 2021 and for the years ending November 30, 2022 and 2021, there were no transfers in or out of levels 1, 2 or 3.

Note 3 Investments and Fair Value Hierarchy (Continued)

Fair values of assets measured on a recurring basis at November 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

November 30, 2022				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Government securities Common stock Mutual funds and exchange	\$ 71,830 2,259,598	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 71,830 2,259,598
traded funds Loan receivable	1,131,668		330,000	1,131,668 330,000
	<u>\$3,463,096</u>	\$	\$330,000	\$3,793,096
November 30, 2021				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Government securities Common stock Mutual funds and exchange	\$ - 2,666,901	\$ 78,995 -	\$ -	\$ 78,995 2,666,901
traded funds Loan receivable	612,324		350,000	612,324 350,000
	\$3,279,225	<u>\$ 78,995</u>	\$350,000	\$3,708,220

Changes in Level 3 assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the years ended November 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	Loan <u>Receivable</u>
Balance at November 30, 2020	\$ 305,761
New loans Repayments	150,000 105,761
Balance at November 30, 2021	350,000
New loans Repayments	5,000 <u>25,000</u>
Balance at November 30, 2022	<u>\$330,000</u>

Note 3 Investments and Fair Value Hierarchy (Continued)

The availability of observable market data is monitored to assess the appropriate classification of financial instruments within the fair value hierarchy. Changes in economic conditions or model-based valuation techniques may require the transfer of financial instruments from one fair value to another. In such instances, the transfer is reported at the beginning of the reporting period. For the years ended November 30, 2022 and 2021, there were no material transfers in or out of levels 1, 2 or 3.

The Foundation entered into the following loan agreements:

- Inter-Faith Housing Alliance, a non-profit corporation, in the amount of \$30,000 for a term of five years beginning May 1, 2016 and ending October 1, 2021. The original maturity date was April 1, 2021 but there was a 6 month freeze on the repayments due to COVID relief. The loan pays interest at 2% per annum and the loan can be prepaid at any time and there is no security for this loan. The loan was fully settled at November 30, 2021.
- Inter-Faith Housing Alliance, a non-profit corporation, in the amount of \$50,000 for a term of five years beginning December 1, 2021 and ending November 1, 2026 at an annual interest rate of 2%. The loan was disbursed on October 18, 2021. The loan is to be repaid in sixty installments at \$876.39 per month and may be repaid at any time prior to maturity.
- The Reinvestment Fund, Inc. (Investment #2132), a Pennsylvania non-profit corporation, in the amount of \$25,000 on December 11, 2018. The loan pays interest at 2.25% per annum and is payable annually on December 31 each year. If not renewed per paragraph 3 of the loan documents, the loan shall be due and payable on December 31, 2022.
- The Reinvestment Fund, Inc. (Investment #2133), a Pennsylvania non-profit corporation, in the amount of \$25,000 on December 11, 2018. The loan pays interest at 2.25% per annum and is payable annually on December 31 each year. If not renewed per paragraph 3 of the loan documents, the loan shall be due and payable on December 31, 2021. This loan was repaid in full on December 31, 2021.
- The Reinvestment Fund, Inc. (Investment #2134), a Pennsylvania non-profit corporation, in the amount of \$25,000 on December 11, 2018. The loan pays interest at 2.75% per annum and is payable annually on December 31 each year. If not renewed per paragraph 3 of the loan documents, the loan shall be due and payable on December 31, 2024.
- The Reinvestment Fund, Inc. (Investment #2135), a Pennsylvania non-profit corporation, in the amount of \$25,000 on December 11, 2018. The loan pays interest at 2.75% per annum and is payable annually on December 31 each year. If not renewed per paragraph 3 of the loan documents, the loan shall be due and payable on December 31, 2023.

Note 3 Investments and Fair Value Hierarchy (Continued)

- First Step Staffing Philadelphia, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, in the amount of \$25,000 on July 19, 2019. The loan pays interest at 10% per annum and is payable quarterly for 18 periods. The loan is due and payable on January 2, 2024.
- Women's Opportunity Resource Center (WORC), a Pennsylvania non-profit corporation, in the amount of \$100,000 on May 1, 2020. The loan is at 0% interest and is due and payable on November 1, 2020. They were granted a five-month extension and repaid the loan in full on April 1, 2021.
- The Enterprise Center Capital Corporation, a Pennsylvania non-profit corporation, in the amount of \$50,000 on June 20, 2020. The loan is interest free for the first six months and pays interest at 1% thereafter. The loan and accumulated interest are payable on June 18, 2023.
- The Impact Loan Fund, a Pennsylvania non-profit corporation, in the amount of \$25,000 on October 1, 2020. The loan pays interest at 2% per annum and is payable every six months after the loan closing date. The loan and any unpaid accumulated interest are payable on September 30, 2025.
- Women's Community Revitalization Project, a Pennsylvania non-profit corporation in the amount of \$50,000 for a term of five years at an annual interest rate of 5%. The Loan was disbursed on September 1, 2021. Accrued interest will be paid annually on September 1 and the loan may be repaid at any time prior to maturity.
- The Philadelphia Community Impact Fund LLC, a Delaware limited liability company - on February 1, 2022, the Foundation pledged \$50,000. As of November 30, 2022, \$5,000 has been disbursed to the LLC so far.

Since payments are current, no allowance has been established on the loan receivables. All loans extended are unsecured.

Note 4 Receivable

Receivable of \$29,489 as of November 30, 2021 represents amount reimbursable from a financial institution with which the Foundation maintains an account. The amount arose from fraudulent activities in the particular account. The account was closed after the remaining balance was transferred out to another account.

Note 5 Split-Interest Charitable Lead Trust

As described in Note 1, The Foundation was established in 1985 by Phoebe V. Valentine. A charitable Lead Trust was established to endow the Foundation. Until the death of the other beneficiaries of the Trust, a distribution equal to 7% of the net fair market value of the trust's assets will be paid by the Trustees to the Valentine Foundation.

Note 6 Operating Lease

The Foundation has no operating lease agreements. They currently rent space on a month to month basis.

Rental expense under the operating lease for the years ended November 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$1,375 for both years.

Note 7 Federal Excise Tax

The Foundation is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC), but is subject to a 2% (1% if certain criteria are met) federal excise tax on net investment income, including net realized gains, as defined by federal regulations.

Current taxes for the years ended November 30, 2022 and 2021 were \$8,238 and \$1,015, respectively.

Management evaluated the Foundation's tax positions and concluded that the Foundation had maintained its tax exempt status and had taken no uncertain tax positions that require adjustment to the financial statements. Therefore, no provision or liability for income taxes has been included in the financial statements.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Foundation management to evaluate tax positions taken by the Foundation and recognize a tax liability if the Foundation has taken an uncertain position that, more likely than not, would not be sustained upon examination by the U.S. Federal, state or local taxing authorities. The Foundation is subject to routine audits by taxing jurisdictions; however, there are currently no audits for any tax periods in progress. Typically, Foundation tax years will remain open for three years; however, this may differ depending upon the circumstances of the Foundation.

Note 8 Management Review

The Foundation has evaluated subsequent events for potential required disclosures through May 17, 2023, which is the day the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 9 Availability and Liquidity

The following represents the Valentine Foundation's financial assets at November 30, 2022 and 2021:

Note 9 Availability and Liquidity (Continued)

Financial assets at year end		
	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 573,401 3,793,096	\$ 882,165 3,708,220
Financial assets available to meet general expenditures over the next twelve months	<u>\$4,366,497</u>	<u>\$4,590,385</u>

The Organization's goal is to maintain financial assets to meet current operating expenses. As part of its liquidity plan, excess cash is in interest bearing bank accounts.